

DT0008 Design tip

Simple screen rotation using the accelerometer built-in 4D detection interrupt

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Main components		
LIS3DH	MEMS digital output motion sensor ultra-low power high performance 3-axes "nano" accelerometer	
LSM303DLHC	Ultra compact high performance e-compass 3D accelerometer and 3D magnetometer module	
LSM330DLC	iNEMO inertial module: 3D accelerometer and 3D gyroscope	

Purpose and benefits

Designing simple screen rotation control can be accomplished quite easily using the LIS3DH accelerometer. The device has a bit,D4D_INT1. in the control register CTRL_REG5(24h) for this function. Used in conjunction with the correct configuration in the set up registers, the LIS3DH INT1 can be programmed to send an interrupt signal from low to high when portrait or landscape orientation is determined. The host processor can then decide how to rotate the screen. Since the host processor doesn't need to get involved, it can perform other tasks or stay in sleep mode to save battery power.

The LIS3DH sample code is presented for simple screen rotation detection. Users can modify the settings for their own applications.

Description

The value in LIS3DH INT1_THS(32h) threshold register can be translated to two identical cone zones as shown in Figure 1.

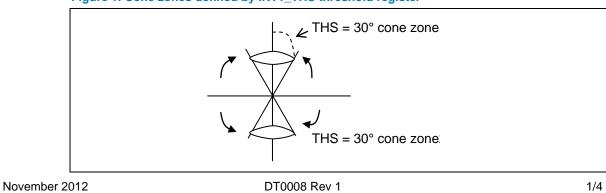


Figure 1. Cone zones defined by INT1_THS threshold register

When the LIS3DH accelerometer X axis enters cone zone1 for the time longer than the value in INT1_DURATION(33h) register, the interrupt will be generated on INT1 pin. The value in INT1_SRC(31h) register will show the value of 0x42 meaning that X axis is pointing up. When X axis enters cone zone2, INT1_SRC register will show the value of 0x41 meaning that X axis is pointing down. Similarly, the values of 0x48 or 0x44 from INT1_SRC register mean that Y axis is pointing up or down respectively.

The following sample code shows the LIS3DH initialization after power up. Then the LIS3DH will keep running in the background continuously which has 4uA current consumption.

<pre>void init_LIS3DH(void)</pre>				
{				
Write 3Fh into CTRL_REG1;	<pre>// Set LIS3DH to low power mode with ODR = 25Hz.</pre>			
Write 40h into CTRL_REG3;	<pre>// AOI1 interrupt generation is routed to INT1 pin.</pre>			
Write 80h into CTRL_REG4;	<pre>// FS = ±2g low power mode with BDU bit enabled.</pre>			
Write OCh into CTRL_REG5;	<pre>// Interrupt signal on INT1 pin is latched with D4D_INT1 bit enabled. If there is an interrupt from AOI1, INT1 pin will go high from low and stay high. Reading the INT1_SRC(31h) register will clear the interrupt signal on INT1 pin.</pre>			
Write 20h into INT1_THS;	<pre>// Threshold = 32LSBs * 15.625mg/LSB = 500mg. This corresponds to 30 degrees of tilt (=asin(0.5)) cone zone around the vertical gravity vector.</pre>			
Write OAh into INT1_DURATION;	<pre>// Duration = 10LSBs * (1/25Hz) = 0.4s. 1LSB = 1/ODR = 40mS. If the X or Y axis enters the cone zone1 or cone zone2 for longer than 0.4s duration, then the interrupt will be generated. Duration = 0 means that the interrupt will be generated immediately.</pre>			
Write 4Fh into INT1_CFG;	<pre>// 6D movement detection with Z axis disabled and YUPE, YDOWNE, XUPE and XDOWNE bits enabled.</pre>			
1				

}

If the LIS3DH X or Y axis stays within the same cone zone, there will be no more interrupts generated. This is different from 6D position detection which continuously generates interrupts as long as the X or Y axis stays in the same cone zone.

When the LIS3DH X or Y axis exits the cone zone, there will be no interrupt generated unless either X axis or Y axis enters the cone zone1 or cone zone2 again.

November 2012	DT0008 Rev 1	2/4
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Support material

Related design support material		
Product / system Evaluation boards		
STEVAL-MKI109V2, eMotion motherboard based on STM32F103		
STEVAL-MKI105V1, LIS3DH adapter board for standard DIL24 socket		
STEVAL-MKI106V1, LSM303DLHC adapter board for standard DIL24 socket		
STEVAL-MKI122V1, LSM330DLC adapter board for standard DIL24 socket		
Documentation		
Datasheets:		
LIS3DH, MEMS digital output motion sensor ultra-low power high performance 3-axes "nano" accelerometer		
LSM303DLHC, ultra compact high performance e-compass 3D accelerometer and 3D magnetometer module		
LSM330DLC, iNEMO inertial module: 3D accelerometer and 3D gyroscope		
User manual: UM0979, STEVAL-MKI109V1 and STEVAL-MKI109V2 – eMotion motherboards for MEMS adapter boards UM1049, Unico GUI: software guide		
Application notes:		
AN3308, LIS3DH: MEMS digital output motion sensor ultra-low power high performance 3- axis "nano" accelerometer		
AN3192, Using LSM303DLH for a tilt compensated electronic compass		
Schematics:		
STEVAL-MKI105V1 LIS3DH adapter board schematics		
STEVAL-MKI106V1 LSM303DLHC adapter board schematics		
STEVAL-MKI122V1, LSM330DLC adapter board schematics		
White papers:		
Applying the interrupt features of a MEMS accelerometer		
The embedded self-test feature in MEMS inertial sensors		

Revision history

Date	Version	Changes
09-Nov-2012	1	Initial release

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